



# **Electrochemical Carbon Monoxide Sensor (Model: MEs-CO)**

## **Manual**

Version: 1.2

Issue Date: 2024-7-16

Zhengzhou Winsen Electronics Technology Co., Ltd

## Statement

This manual copyright belongs to Zhengzhou Winsen Electronics Technology Co., LTD. Without the written permission, any part of this manual shall not be copied, translated, stored in database or retrieval system, also can't spread through electronic, copying, record ways.

Thanks for purchasing our product. In order to let customers use it better and reduce the faults caused by misuse, please read the manual carefully and operate it correctly in accordance with the instructions.

If users disobey the terms or remove, disassemble, change the components inside of the sensor, we shall not be responsible for the loss.

The specific such as color, appearance, sizes &etc, please in kind prevail.

We are devoting ourselves to products development and technical innovation, so we reserve the right to improve the products without notice. Please confirm it is the valid version before using this manual.

At the same time, users' comments on optimized using way are welcome.

Please keep the manual properly, in order to get help if you have questions during the usage in the future.

Zhengzhou Winsen Electronics Technology CO., LTD.

## MEs-CO Carbon Monoxide sensor

MEs-CO Carbon monoxide sensor is a fuel cell type sensor. Carbon monoxide and oxygen undergo corresponding REDOX reaction on the working electrode and the opposite electrode and release charge to form current. The current generated is proportional to the concentration of carbon monoxide and follows Faraday's law.

### Features

- \* Low consumption
- \* High precision
- \* High sensitivity
- \* Wide linear range
- \* Good anti-interference ability
- \* Long lifespan
- \* Excellent repeatability and stability



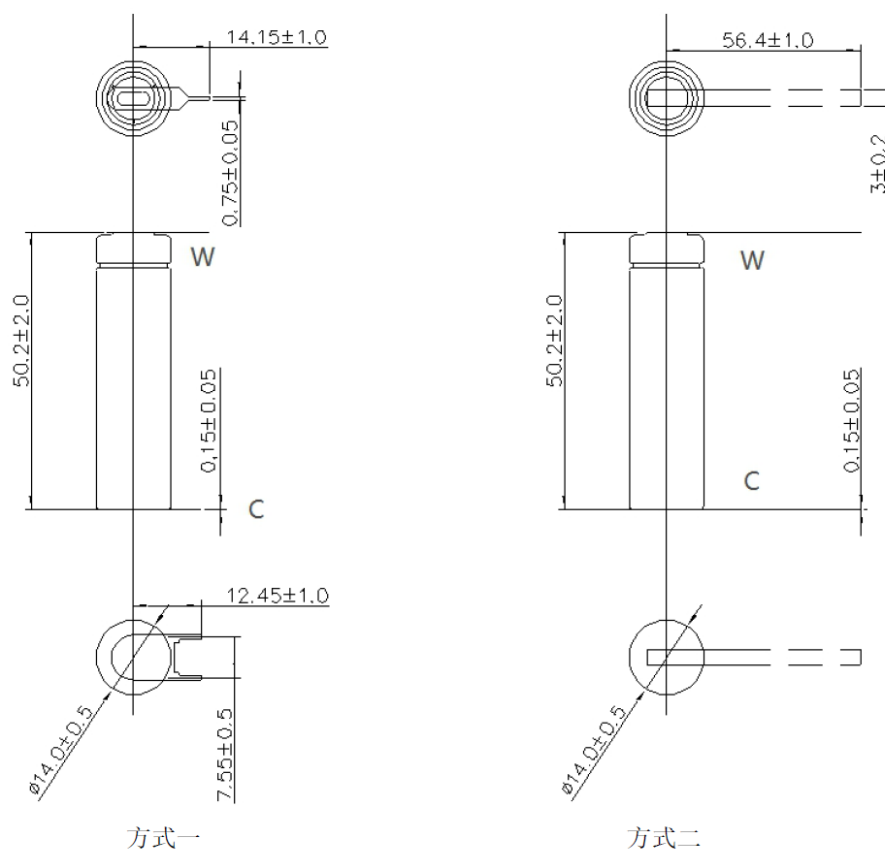
### Application

Widely suitable for carbon monoxide concentration detection in smart homes, commercial buildings, underground garages, fire monitoring and other fields

### Technical Parameter Table1.

Detection gas	CO
Measurement Range	0~1000ppm
Max detecting concentration	2000ppm
Sensitivity	(1.0~2.0) nA/ppm
Resolution	1ppm
Response time (T <sub>90</sub> )	<30S
Load resistance (recommended)	500/1k/2k Ω
Repeatability	<3 % output value
Output Linearity	linear
Zero drift (-20℃~40℃)	≤10ppm
Temperature range	-20℃~80℃
Humidity range	15 % ~90 % RH
Pressure range	standard atmosphere ± 10%
Lifespan	7-10 years

Fig1. Sensor Structure



**Mark:**Unit is mm, two connection ways are optional, the right type is default

### Basic circuit

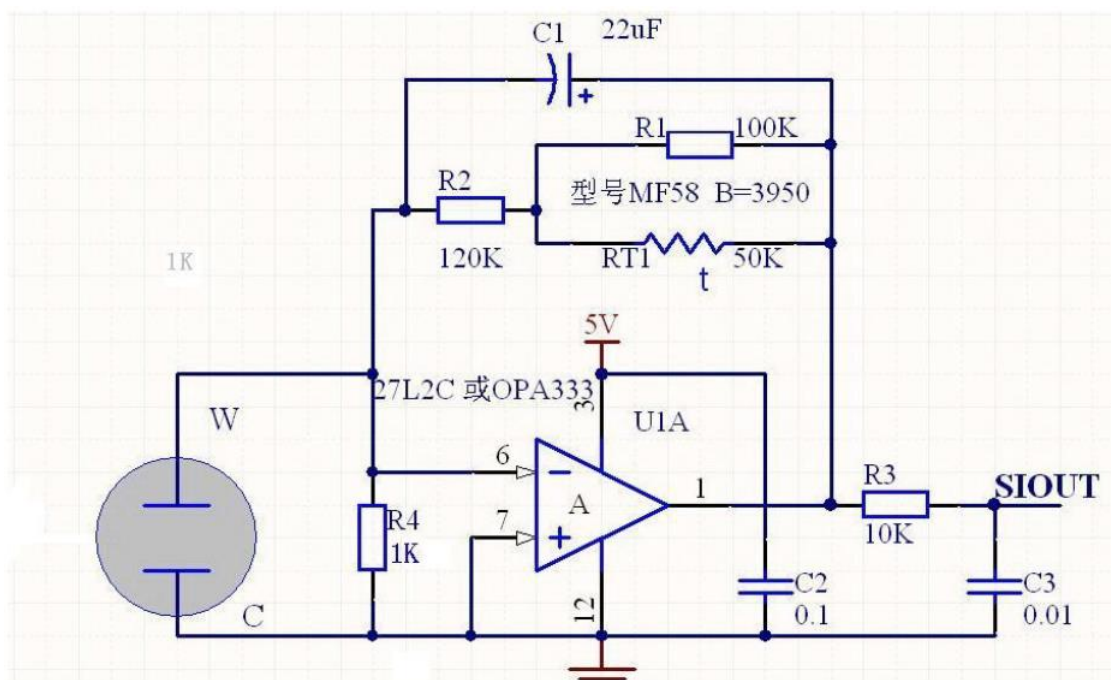
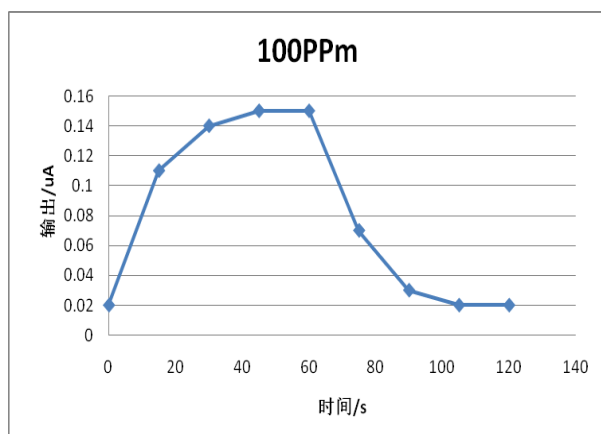
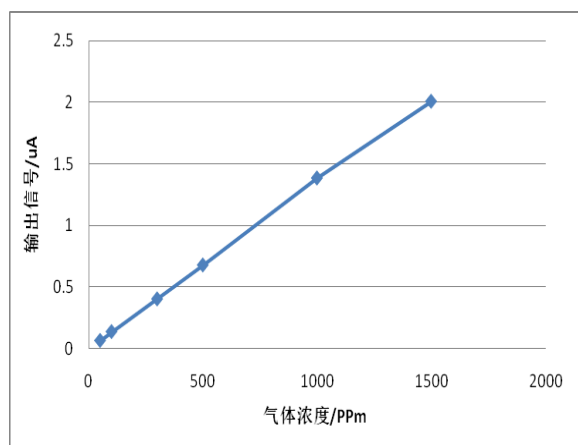
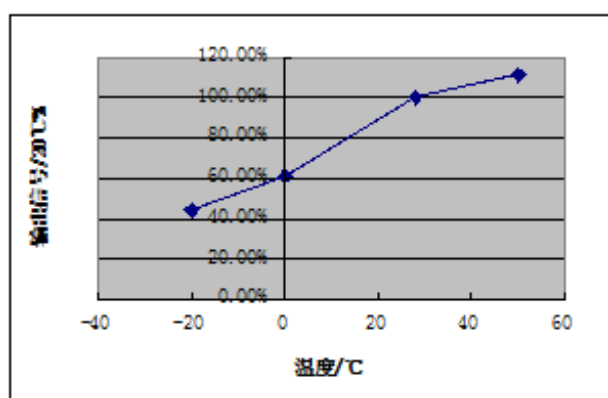
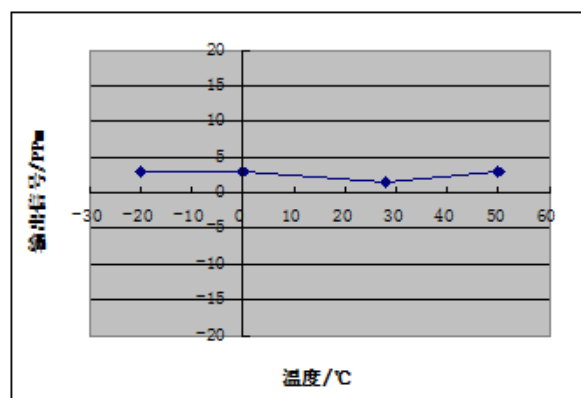


Fig2. MEs-CO test circuit

## Characterization

**Fig3.Features of sensitivity, response and recovery**

**Fig4.Data graph of concentration linearity features**

**Fig5.Sensor output upon variable temperature**

**Fig6.V0 Change upon variable temperature**


## Cross sensitivity:

MEs-CO sensor also responds to other gases besides CO. Below are the response characteristics of interferential gases

Gas	Concentration	MEs-CO
H2S	100ppm	0ppm
C2H4	100ppm	80ppm
NO	35ppm	6ppm
NO2	5ppm	0ppm
C2H5OH	1000ppm	0ppm
CL2	10ppm	1ppm
SO2	20ppm	0.6ppm
H2	500ppm	40ppm
NH3	50ppm	1ppm
CH3CL	5ppm	0ppm
ETO	10ppm	0ppm
C6H6	100ppm	1.5ppm
C3H6O	100ppm	3.5ppm
CH3OH	200ppm	0ppm

**Application Notes:**

- During installation, the lead can be welded, and the solder cannot contact the sensor.
- Before using, power on to aging for more than 48 hours is necessary.
- Don't disassemble the sensor.
- Avoid contacting organic solvent (including Silicone rubber and other adhesive), coatings, medicine, oil and high concentration gases.
- All the electrochemical sensors shall not be encapsulated completely by resin materials, and shall not immerse in non-oxygen environment, otherwise, it will damage the function of sensor.
- All electrochemical sensors shall not be applied in corrosive gas environment, or the sensor will be damaged.
- Zero calibration should be done in clean air.
- During test and usage, sensors should avoid the gas inflow vertically.
- The inlet hole can't be choked and polluted.
- The sensor shall not be subjected to excessive impact or vibration.
- Do not use the sensor if its shell is damaged or deformed.
- In high concentration gas environment, the recovery to the initial state is slow after a long time of use.
- When the sensor is stored, the working electrode and the counter electrode should be in short circuit.
- Do not use hot melt adhesive or sealant whose curing temperature is higher than 80°C to encapsulate sensors.
- Do not store or use the sensor in high concentration alkaline gas for a long time.

**Note: To keep continual product development, we reserve right to change design features without prior notice !**

**Zhengzhou Winsen Electronics Technology Co., Ltd**

**Add:** No.299, Jinsuo Road, National Hi-Tech Zone,  
Zhengzhou 450001 China

**Tel:** +86-371-67169097/67169670

**Fax:** +86-371-60932988

**E-mail:** [sales@winsensor.com](mailto:sales@winsensor.com)

**Website:** [www.winsen-sensor.com](http://www.winsen-sensor.com)

