

Laser Dust Sensor

(Model: ZH06-IV)

Manual

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Zhengzhou Winsen Electronics Technology Co., Ltd

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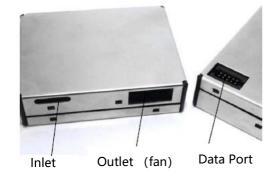
Please keep the manual properly, in order to get help if you have questions during the usage in the future.

Zhengzhou Winsen Electronics Technology CO., LTD

ZH06-IV Laser dust sensor

Description:

Laser Dust sensor module is a common type, small size sensor, using laser scattering principle to detect the dust particles in air, with good consistency and stability. It is easy to use, with UART & PWM output;Small size is suitable for integrating.



Technical parameters: Table 1

Features:	Model	ZH06-IV	
Good consistency	Detection Range	0.3-10µm	
Real time response	Effective Range	0-1000µg/m³	
Accurate data	Detection Interval	1s	
Low power consumption	PM2.5	0-100 μg/m³: ±15μg/m³ 101-1000 μg /m³: ± 15% Reading (Test Condition: 25 ± 2 ℃, 50 ± 10%	
Minus resolution of particle diameter	Detection Accuracy	RH,TSI8530, Cigarette, GBT18801-2015)	
is 0.3 μm	Preheating Time	30s	
	Output	UART_TTL Output (3.3V level)	
	Output	PWM Output (3.3V level)	
Main Applications:	Working Voltage	4.9V ~ 5.5V(DC)	
Air purifiers	Working Current	< 120mA	
Ventilation systems	Dormancy Current	< 20mA	
Portable instrument	Response Time	T90 < 45s	
Air quality monitoring equipment	Working Humidity	0~95%RH(No Condensation)	
Air conditioner	Working Tem	- 10~60°C	
Smart home fields	Storage Tem	- 30 ~ 70°C	
	Dimension	47×37×12.2mm(L×W×H)	
	Weight	< 30g	
	MTTF	Continuous > 40000H (in clean air)	

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Pin Order:

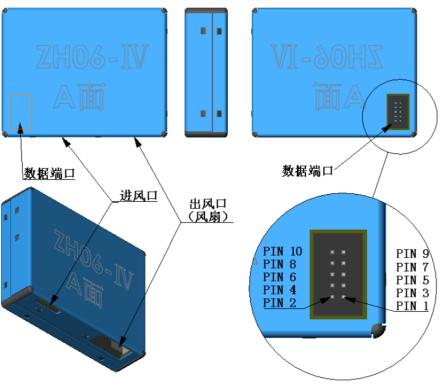


Fig1. Pin Order

Pin Definition: Table2.

P/N	Name	Description
PIN1, PIN2	VDD	4.9~5.5V
PIN3, PIN4	GND	
PIN5	Reserved	NC
PIN6	PWM output	TTL@3.3V
PIN7	RXD serial port receiving	TTL@3.3V
PIN8	Reserved	vacant
PIN9	TXD serial port sending	TTL@3.3V
PIN10	Reserved	NC

UART settings

Baud rate	9600
Date bits	8
Stop bits	1
Parity	none

Please refer the document of ZH06 I-IV Series Communication Protocol.

Terminal specification

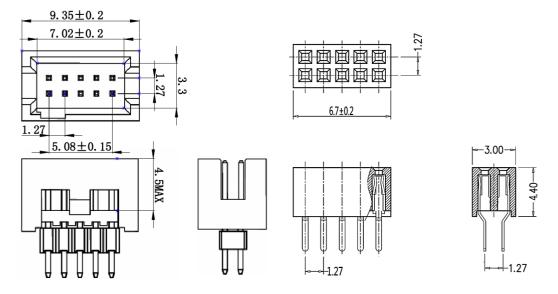


Fig1.Terminal Type (PH=2x5x1.27mm)Fig2-1.Matching Terminal Description: for reference onlyNOTE. The Fig2-1 is just for reference. If users choose surfaced mount, please be sure about thesafety distance between sensor's housing and terminal pins, avoiding short circuit or othermalfunction.



Principle Description:

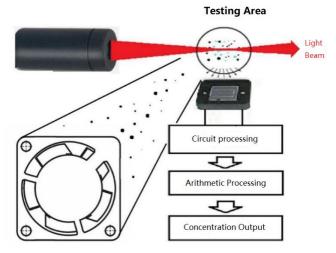
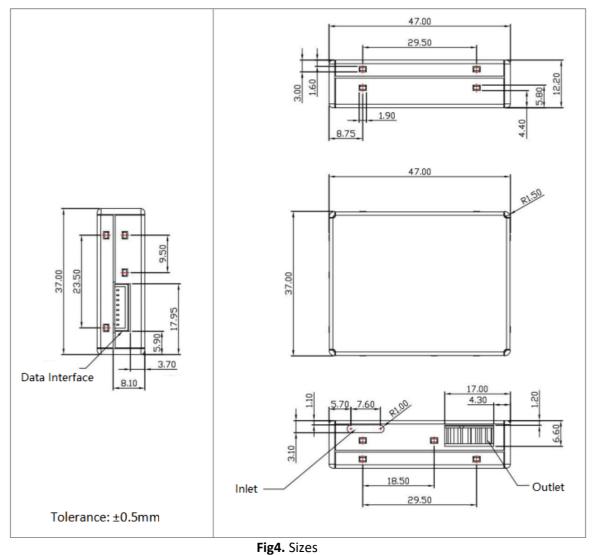


Fig3.Working principle

Sensor Construction:



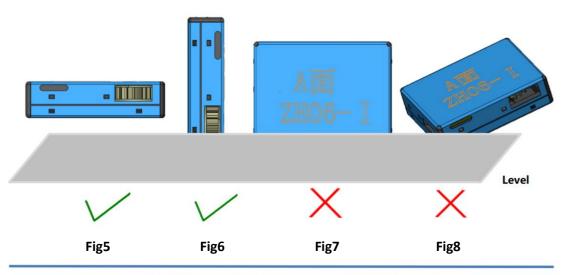
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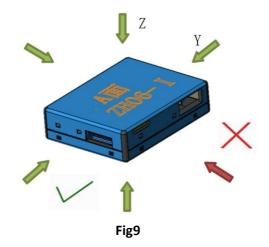
Installation Method:

The dust collection hole is the air inlet inside the sensor, which needs to keep good contact with the external air; the fan is installed at the air outlet inside the sensor. When the sensor is installed and working, must avoid strong airflow interference around the sensor; if it cannot be avoided, try to keep the external airflow direction perpendicular to the internal airflow direction of the sensor.

When designing the detection cavity of the whole machine, the effective area of the sampling port of the sensor should be fully considered to ensure the smoothness of the sampling gas path as much as possible. Small sampling area and large air resistance will seriously affect the accuracy of sensor data.



Arrows indicate the airflow perpendicular to the sensor surface





Typical Output Characteristics:

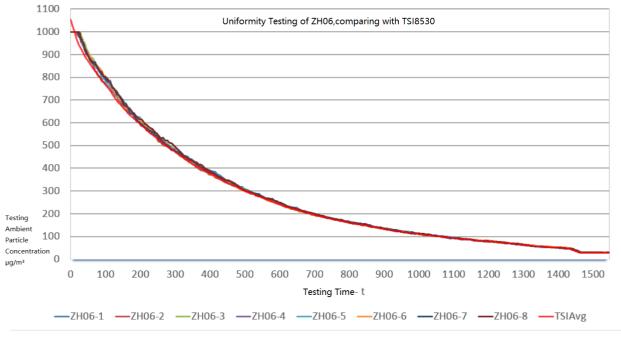


Fig10

Note:

The picture shows the data comparison between the conventional ZH06 laser particle sensor and TSI8530 in the test environment.

Abscissa : Testing time related parameters

Ordinate : The concentration of particles in the test environment (with TSI8530 data as reference, unit: $\mu g / m^3$, environmental resolution: $1\mu g / m^3$).

Attentions:

1. It is forbidden to remove the shield cover of the sensor and the internal fixing screw of the sensor, because the shield cover of the sensor is connected with the internal power supply of the sensor through the internal spring. If the shield cover of the sensor is removed, the anti-interference ability of the sensor will be poor, the output value of the sensor will change, and the performance of the sensor will be poor. In addition, and please pay attention to the metal shield of the sensor, avoid contact with other external circuits or conductive parts, so as to reduce the impact of external interference on the sensor.

2. Excessive impact or vibration will affect the accuracy and life of the sensor detection value, so the sensor should avoid falling or vibration when installing and using.

3. This sensor is suitable for the detection of dust particles in the ordinary indoor



environment. The actual working environment should try to avoid oil&smoke environment, too large dust particles, high humidity environment, such as: kitchen, bathroom, smoking room, outdoor environment, etc. If it is used in such environments, corresponding protective measures shall be added to the user's equipment to prevent viscous particles or large particles from entering the interior of the sensor and forming accumulation in the interior of the sensor which will affect the performance of the sensor. (for example, in the working environment with floccules or fibers, the corresponding coarse filter net should be added ahead the air inlet of the sensor to avoid floccules or large sundries from entering the sensor and blocking the light path of the sensor, thus affecting the detection accuracy of the sensor.)

4. The fan is the air outlet, and the dust collection hole is the air inlet. During the using of the sensor, the sensor should not be directly placed inside the air duct of the purifier. If it cannot be avoided, an independent space structure should be set up for the installation position of the sensor. The air flow direction is as shown in

'Installation Method'. The sensor should not be impacted by the air flow in the direction of the red arrow. There should be no obstructions within 2cm around the outlet of the fan. In this independent space, it should be avoided that the air flow from the outlet directly flows back to the inlet, which will affect the accuracy of detection.

5. Under normal working condition of normal temperature&pressure, the key component of the sensor-laser, can work continuously for more than 40000 hours, and the life of the sensor can be greatly prolonged by setting the sensor's sleep mode and interval working time. The maximum cumulative life of the sensor can be more than 5 years. Please refer to the user interface instructions for detailed operation methods, or you can contact our technical service staff by telephone or email.

6. The sensor data mentioned in this manual is about to ensure the consistency of the sensors we produced, the comparison standard will not refer to any third-party testing instruments or data . If the user wants the final detection results to be consistent with the third-party testing instrument, the user can do data fitting correction according to the actual detection results.



Packing:

1. Put the sensor into the Pearl Foam Tray as shown in the picture below.

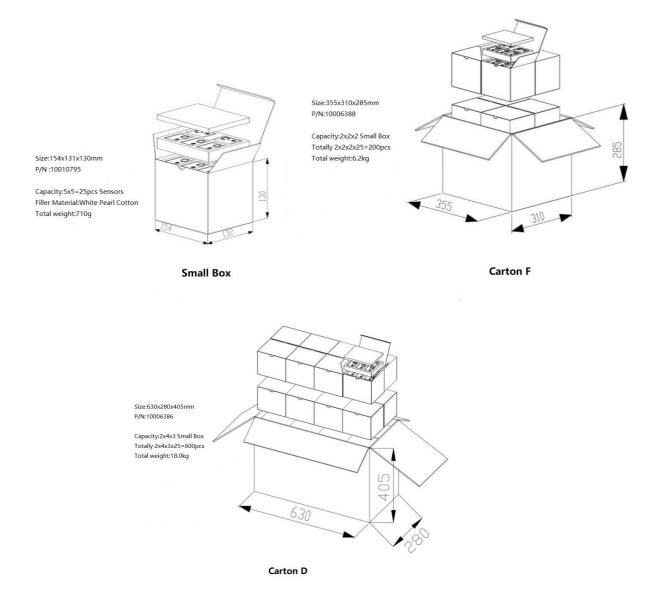
2. Put the whole plate of sensors in Small Box one by one, then puts a foam plate at the top. Each Small Box can hold 25 sensors.

3. Select the appropriate carton according to the quantity of the order:

Carton F: 355 x 310 x 285mm, can hold 200 sensors, total weight around 6.2kg.

Carton D: 630 x 280 x 405mm, can hold 600 sensors,total weight around 18.0kg.

Note: Please pay attention to water proof of the carton during transportation





Reliability Testing:

	Testing	Testing Condition	Decision Criteria	Number of Tests - n
	ltem			Number of Failures - c
1	Zero output range	The test cabin meets the requirements of clean air: the mass concentration of dust is not more than 5.0 µ g / m ³ , the sensor is powered on, and the output value is recorded six times.	Zero point output range: <15µg/m³	n=28 c=0
2	Uniformity	Record the output value of the sensor for 6 times at each concentration of 50, 130 and 260µg/m ³ , totally 18 times, take the maximum value respectively	Meet the description of "PM2.5 detection accuracy"	n=28 c=0
3	stability	The sensor is continuously powered on for 15d, Measure the output range and relative error of zero point.	Zero point output range: <15µg/m ³ Relative error ± 15%	n=2 c=0
4	response time	When the output value of the sensor reaches 450 μ g / m ³ for the first time, record the time T1 at this time. Calculate the response time T90 = t1-t0, repeat the measurement 3 times and take the average value	response time: T90 < 45s	n=2 c=0



5	High Concentratio n Inundation	The sensor is powered on for 10min under the environment of 2000 µg/m ³ . Measure the output range of	Zero point output range: <15µg/m³ Relative error ± 15%	n=2 c=0
		zero point and relative error after completion.		
6	Power on/off	Keep the voltage dc5 ± 0.1V for 5min; keep the power off for 5min and circulate for 24h. Measure the output range of zero point and relative error after completion.	Zero point output range: <15µg/m³ Relative error ± 15%	n=2 c=0
7	Noise	The background noise is less than 30dB (a), the sensor works stably for 20min, and the sound level meter is placed on the same horizontal plane 0.8m high from the ground. The distance between the two is 1m. Each measurement is conducted three times, and the maximum value is taken	Working noise: ≤ 40dB (a)	n=2 c=0
8	Low Temperature Storage	The sensor is not powered on, under the environment condition of - 30 ± 2 °C, the duration is 16h, and stable at room temperature for 2h. Measure the output range of zero point and relative error after completion.	There shall be no obvious dents, scratches, cracks, deformation and other defects on the sensor surface, no bubbles, crazing and falling off on the	n=2 c=0
9	High Temperature Storage	The sensor is not powered on, under the environment of 70 \pm 2 °C, the duration is 16h, and stable at room temperature for 2h. Measure the zero point	coating and coating, no loosening and falling off on the connectors and parts, no rust and mechanical damage	n=2 c=0

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		output range and relative	on the metal	
		error after completion	components.	
			Zero point output	
			range: < 15µg/m ³	
			5	
			Relative error: ± 15%	
10	High	The sensor is powered on	There shall be no	n=2
	Temperature	and operated under 50 \pm	obvious dents,	c=0
	Work	2 °C environmental	scratches, cracks,	
		conditions for 2h,	deformation and	
		Measure the zero output	other defects on the	
		range after completion.	sensor surface, no	
11	Low	The sensor is powered on	bubbles, crazing and	n=2
	Temperature	and operated under the	falling off on the	
	Work	ambient condition of - 10 \pm	coating and coating,	c=0
	VVOIN	2 °C, lasting for 2h,	no loosening and	
			falling off on the	
		Measure zero point output	connectors and parts,	
		range after completion	no rust and	
			mechanical damage	
			on the metal	
			components.	
			Zero point output	
			range: <15µg/m³	
12	Vibration	The sensor is not packed and	There shall be no	n=2
	Test	powered off.	obvious dents,	
		Frequency range: (10-150)	scratches, cracks,	c=0
		Hz;	deformation and	
			other defects on the	
		Sine amplitude: 1.5mm;	sensor surface, no	
		Frequency range: 1oct; X, y,	bubbles, crazing and	
		Z three axes, each sweeping	falling off on the	
		15 times.	coating and coating,	
		Measure the output range of	no loosening and	
		zero point and relative error	falling off on the	
		after completion.	connectors and parts,	
13	Drop Test	The packaged sensor, with a	no rust and	n=2
	-	height of 1m, falls on a	mechanical damage	c=0
		surface of concrete or a	on the metal	
		smooth and hard rigid	components.	
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		surface. Each of the six different faces falls freely once. Measure the output range of zero point and relative error after completion.	Zero point output range: <15µg/m³	
14	Electrostatic Interference	When the sensor is electrified, the surface of 2000V metal shell is discharged 8 times, and the ground plate is discharged 2 times at 10cm around the sample. The time interval of each discharge is at least 1s. Measure the output range of zero point and relative error after completion.	Zero point output range: <15µg/m ³ Relative error: ± 15%	n=2 c=0